

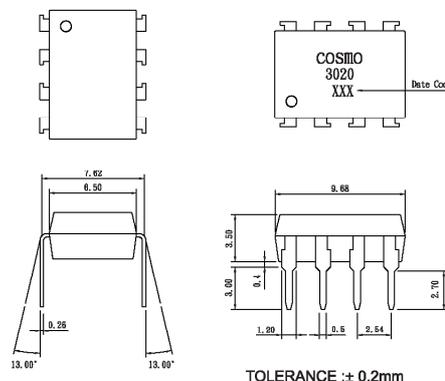
Features

1. Current transfer ratio
(CTR:MIN.60% at $I_F = \pm 1\text{mA}$ $V_{ce} = 5\text{V}$)
2. High isolation voltage between input and output
(Viso:5000Vrms).
3. Compact dual-in-line package.
4. Ac input.
5. Available package : DIP/ SMD/ H.

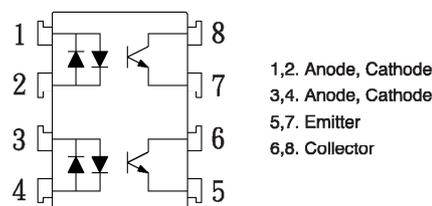
Applications

1. Programmable Controller Applications for Low Input Photocouplers and High Vceo Photocouplers.
2. Telephone sets, telephone exchangers.
3. System appliances, Limit Switches , Sensors, Thermostats , Transducers etc.
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances.

Outside Dimension : Unit (mm)



Schematic : Top View



Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	± 50
	Peak forward current	I_{FM}	± 1
	Power dissipation	P_D	70
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	60
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6
	Collector current	I_C	50
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	200	mW
Isolation voltage 1 minute	Viso	5000	Vrms
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-30 to +100	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	°C
Soldering temperature 10 second	T_{sol}	260	°C

Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}$	—	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage	$I_{FM} = \pm 0.5\text{A}$	—	—	3.5	V
	Terminal capacitance	$V = 0, f = 1\text{kHz}$	—	30	—	pF
Output	Collector dark current	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_F = 0$	—	—	0.1	uA
Transfer characteristics	Current transfer ratio	$I_F = \pm 1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$	60	—	600	%
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_F = \pm 20\text{mA}, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	—	0.1	0.3	V
	Isolation resistance	DC500V	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	—	ohm
	Floating capacitance	$V = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$	—	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency	$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, R_L = 100\text{ohm}$	—	80	—	kHz
	Response time (Rise)	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, R_L = 100\text{ohm}$	t_r	—	5	20
Response time (Fall)	t_f		—	4	20	us

Fig.1 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

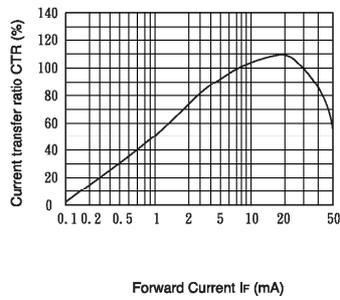


Fig.2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

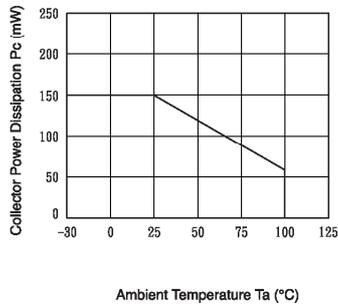


Fig.3 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

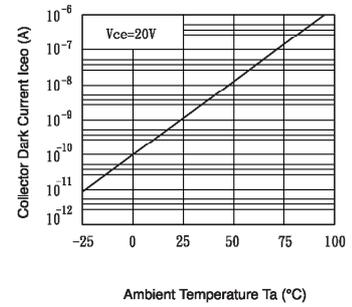


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

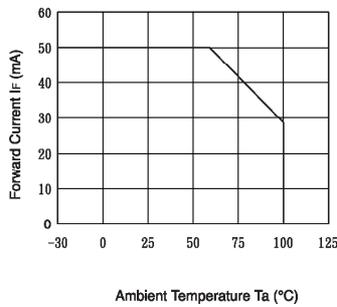


Fig.5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

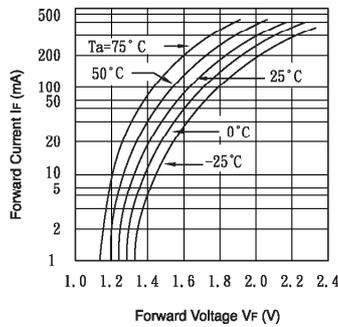


Fig.6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

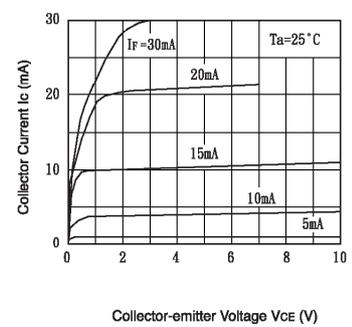


Fig.7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

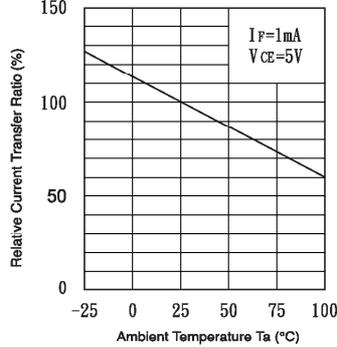


Fig.8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

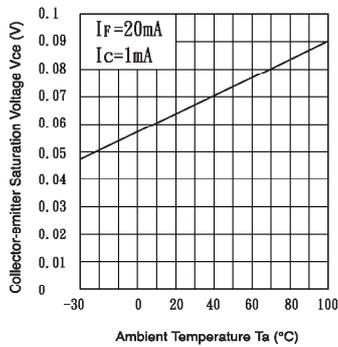


Fig.9 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

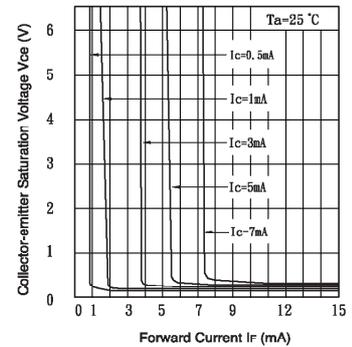


Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

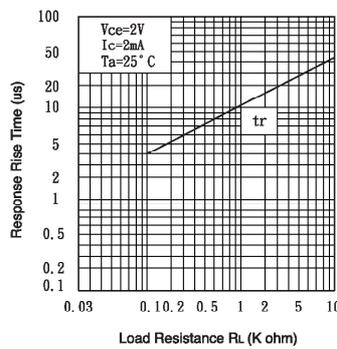


Fig.11 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

