

R1218 Series

Step-up DC/DC converter for White LED Backlight

No. EA-166-230419

OUTLINE

The R1218x Series are PWM control type step-up DC/DC converter ICs with low supply current.

The R1218x is fully dedicated to drive White LED with constant current. Each of these ICs consists of an NMOS FET, an oscillator, a PWM comparator, a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a current limit circuit, an under voltage lockout circuit (UVLO), an over-voltage protection circuit (OVP).

The R1218x can drive white LEDs with high efficiency with low supply current. A diode is built-in the R1218xxx1A, therefore it is possible to drive up to 4LEDs without an external diode. The R1218xxx2A, an external diode is necessary, however, up to 7 serial LEDs can be driven with the R1218xxx2A.

Constant current can be set with an external resistance value. Dimming control is possible by PWM signal for CE pin. Feedback voltage is 0.2V, therefore power loss by current setting resistor is small and efficiency is good. Maximum duty cycle is internally fixed, Typ. 91% to 92%. LEDs can be driven from low voltage. Protection circuits are the current limit of Lx peak current, the over voltage limit of output, and the under voltage lockout function.

Packages are standard SOT-23-6 and very tiny DFN(PL)1820-6.

FEATURES

- Input voltage......1.8V to 5.5V
- Built-in 400mA, 1.5Ω, 20V Nch MOSFET and diode (R1218xxx1A)
- Built-in 400mA, 1.5Ω, 33V Nch MOSFET (R1218xxx2A)
- Oscillator Frequency (PWM control)......1.2MHz
- Maximum Duty Cycle Typ. 91% to 92%
- Feedback Voltage Typ. 0.2V
- UVLO Threshold Voltage Typ. 1.6V (Hysteresis Typ. 0.1V)
- Lx Current limit Protection...... Typ. 700mA
- Over Voltage Protection (OVP) Threshold Typ. 9.5V (R1218x021A)
 - Typ. 14.0V (R1218x031A)
 - Typ. 18.5V (R1218x041A)
 - Typ. 23.0V (R1218x052A)
 - Typ. 27.5V (R1218x062A)
 - Typ. 31.5V (R1218x072A)
- LED dimming control......by external PWM signal (Frequency 200Hz to 5kHz) to CE pin by feedback voltage and filtered PWM signal (high frequency)
- Packages DFN(PL)1820-6, SOT-23-6

APPLICATIONS

• White LED Backlight for portable equipment

SELECTION GUIDE

The OVP threshold, the built-in diode, and the package for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

Selection Guide

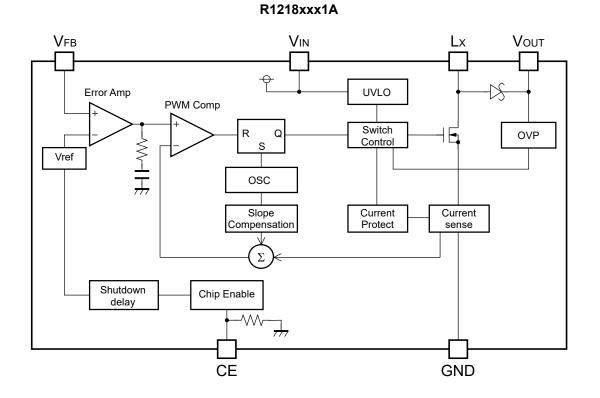
| Product Name | Package | Quantity per Reel | Pb Free | Halogen Free |
|------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|
| R1218Kxxxx-TR | DFN(PL)1820-6 | 5,000 pcs | Yes | Yes |
| R1218Nxxxx-TR-FE | SOT-23-6 | 3,000 pcs | Yes | Yes |

xxxx: The combination of the OVP threshold and with/without of built-in diode can be designated.

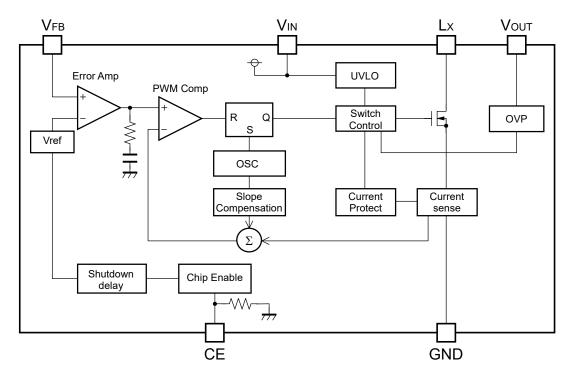
| Code | OVP Threshold | Built-in Diode |
|------|---------------|----------------|
| 021A | 9.5 V | Yes |
| 031A | 14.0 V | Yes |
| 041A | 18.5 V | Yes |
| 052A | 23.0 V | No |
| 062A | 27.5 V | No |
| 072A | 31.5 V | No |

No. EA-166-230419

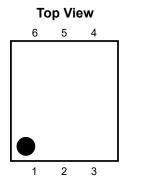
BLOCK DIAGRAMS



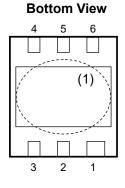
R1218xxx2A

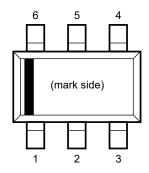


PIN DESCRIPTIONS



DFN(PL)1820-6 Pin Configuration





SOT-23-6 Pin Configuration

DFN(PL)1820-6 Pin Description

| Pin No | Symbol | Pin Description | |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | CE | Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active) | |
| 2 | V _{FB} | Feedback Pin | |
| 3 | Lx | Switching Pin (Open Drain Output) | |
| 4 | GND | Ground Pin | |
| 5 | VIN | Power Supply Input Pin | |
| 6 | Vout | Output Pin | |

SOT-23-6 Pin Description

| Pin No | Symbol | Pin Description | |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | CE | Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active) | |
| 2 | Vout | Output Pin | |
| 3 | V _{IN} | Power Supply Input Pin | |
| 4 | Lx | Switching Pin (Open Drain Output) | |
| 5 | GND | Ground Pin | |
| 6 | V _{FB} | Feedback Pin | |

⁽¹⁾ Tab is GND level (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC). The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

No. EA-166-230419

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Absolute Maximum Ratings (GND = 0 V) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Symbol | Item | | | Rating | Unit |
| VIN | V _{IN} Pin Voltage | | | 6.5 | V |
| VCE | CE Pin Voltage | | | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{FB} | V _{FB} Pin Voltage | | | -0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3 | V |
| | | | R1218xxx1A | -0.3 to 22 | |
| Vout | | | R1218xxx2A | -0.3 to 34 | V |
| N | VLx Lx Pin Voltage R1218xxx1A R1218xxx2A R1218xxx2A | | R1218xxx1A | -0.3 to 22 | |
| VLX | | | -0.3 to 34 | V | |
| I _{LX} | L _x Pin Current | | | 1000 | mA |
| | DFN(PL)1820-6 | | JEDEC STD. 51-7 Test Land Pattern | 2200 | |
| PD | SOI-23-6 | | JEDEC STD. 51-7 Test Land Pattern | 660 | mW |
| Tj | Junction Temperature Range | | | -40 to 125 | °C |
| Tstg | Storage Temperature Range | | | -55 to 125 | °C |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | ltem | Rating | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------------|------------|------|
| VIN | Operating Input Voltage | 1.8 to 5.5 | V |
| Та | Operating Temperature Range | -40 to 85 | °C |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

⁽¹⁾ Refer to *POWEWR DISSIPATION* for detailed information.

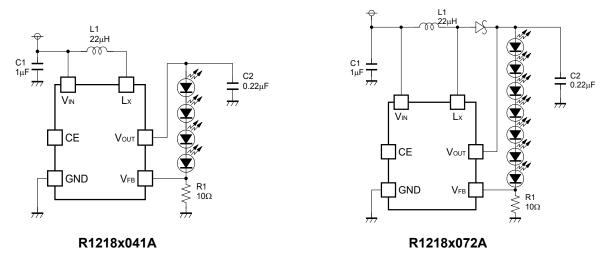
No. EA-166-230419

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|------|--------------------------|------|------------|
| IDD | Supply Current | V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{FB} = Lx at no load | | 0.5 | 1.0 | mA | |
| Istandby | Standby Current | V_{IN} = 5.5 V, V_{CE} = | = 0 V | | 0 | 3.0 | μA |
| V _{UVL01} | UVLO Detector Threshold | V _{IN} falling | | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | V |
| Vuvlo2 | UVLO Released Voltage | V _{IN} rising | | | V _{UVLO1} + 0.1 | 1.8 | V |
| V_{CEH} | CE Input Voltage "H" | V _{IN} = 5.5 V | | 1.5 | | | V |
| VCEL | CE Input Voltage "L" | V _{IN} = 1.8 V | | | | 0.5 | V |
| RCE | CE Pull Down Resistance | V _{IN} = 3.6 V | | 600 | 1200 | 2200 | kΩ |
| tshtdn | CE Shutdown Delay Time | V _{IN} = 3.6 V | | | 10 | | ms |
| V_{FB} | V _{FB} Voltage | V _{IN} = 3.6 V | | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.21 | V |
| $\Delta V_{FB}/\Delta Ta$ | V _{FB} Voltage Temperature Coefficient | V _{IN} = 3.6 V, -40° | C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C | | ±150 | | ppm /°C |
| I _{FB} | V _{FB} Input Current | V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{FB} = | 0 V or 5.5 V | -0.1 | | 0.1 | μA |
| Ron | Switch On Resistance | V _{IN} = 3.6 V, I _{SW} = 100 mA | | | 1.5 | | Ω |
| | I _{LXleak} Switch Leakage Current | R1218xxx1A | V _{LX} = 20 V | | 0 | 3.0 | μA |
| I _{LXleak} Sw | | R1218xxx2A | V _{LX} = 33 V | | 0 | 3.0 | μA |
| I _{LXlim} | Switch Current Limit | V _{IN} = 3.6 V | L | 400 | 700 | 1000 | mA |
| Vf | Diode Forward Voltage | R1218xxx1A | I _{DIODE} = 100 mA | | 0.8 | | V |
| DIODEleak | Diode Leakage Current | R1218xxx1A | V _{OUT} = 20 V, V _{LX} = 0 V | | 10 | | μA |
| fosc | Oscillator Frequency | V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{OUT} : | = V _{FB} = 0V | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | MHz |
| Movduty | Maximum Duty Cycle | V _{IN} = 3.6V, | R1218x072A | 86 | 92 | | C(|
| Maxduty | Maximum Duty Cycle | $V_{OUT} = V_{FB} = 0 V$ | | 86 | 91 | | % |
| | | | R1218x021A | 8.5 | 9.5 | 10.5 | |
| | | | R1218x031A | 13.0 | 14.0 | 15.0 | |
| V _{OVP1} | OVP Detector Threshold | V _{IN} = 3.6V, | R1218x041A | 17.0 | 18.5 | 20.0 | V |
| VOVP1 | OVP Delector Threshold | Vout rising | R1218x052A | 21.5 | 23.0 | 24.5 | |
| | | | R1218x062A | 26.0 | 27.5 | 29.0 | |
| | | | R1218x072A | 30.0 | 31.5 | 33.0 | |
| | | | R1218x021A | | V _{OVP1} - 0.5 | | |
| | | | R1218x031A | | V _{OVP1} - 0.75 | | V |
| V _{OVP2} | OVP Released Voltage | V _{IN} = 3.6V, | R1218x041A | | Vovp1 - 1.0 | | |
| V UVP2 | | Vout falling | R1218x052A | | Vovp1 - 1.25 | | |
| | | | R1218x062A | | Vovp1 - 1.5 | | |
| | | | R1218x072A | | V _{OVP1} - 1.75 | | |

APPLICATION INFORMATION

• Typical Application Circuit



• Selection of Inductors

The peak current of the inductor at normal mode can be estimated as the next formula when the efficiency is 80%.

ILmax = 1.25 x Iout x Vout / VIN + 0.5 x VIN x (Vout - VIN) / (Lx Vout x fosc)

When the start-up or dimming control by CE pin, transient current flows, the peak current must be equal or less than the current limit of the IC. The peak current should not beyond the rating current of the inductor. The recommended inductance value is 10 μ H -22 μ H.

Table 1 Peak current value in each condition

| | Condition | | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|------------|
| VIN (V) | Vout (V) | lout (mA) | L (μΗ) | ILmax (mA) |
| 3 | 14 | 20 | 10 | 215 |
| 3 | 14 | 20 | 22 | 160 |
| 3 | 21 | 20 | 10 | 280 |
| 3 | 21 | 20 | 22 | 225 |

| L | Part No. | Rated | Size |
|------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| (μH) | Tart No. | Current (mA) | (mm) |
| 10 | LQH32CN100K53 | 450 | 3.2 x 2.5 x 1.55 |
| 10 | LQH2MC100K02 | 225 | 2.0 x 1.6 x 0.9 |
| 10 | VLF3010A-100 | 490 | 2.8 x 2.6 x 0.9 |
| 10 | VLS252010-100 | 520 | 2.5 x 2.0 x 1.0 |
| 22 | LQH32CN220K53 | 250 | 3.2 x 2.5 x 1.55 |
| 22 | LQH2MC220K02 | 185 | 2.0 x 1.6 x 0.9 |
| 22 | VLF3010A-220 | 330 | 2.8 x 2.6 x 0.9 |

Table 2 Recommended inductors

Selection of Capacitors

Set 1 μ F or more value bypass capacitor C1 between V_{IN} pin and GND pin as close as possible. Set 0.22 μ F or more capacitor C2 between V_{OUT} and GND pin. Note the V_{OUT} that depends on LED used, and select the rating of V_{OUT} or more.

• Selection of SBD (Schottky Barrier Diode)

Select the diode with low V_F such as Schottky type with low reverse current I_R , and with low capacitance.

| | • | | |
|----|-------------------|---------------|--|
| | Rated voltage (V) | Part No. | |
| C1 | 6.3 | CM105B105K06 | |
| C2 | 25 | GRM21BR11E224 | |
| | 50 | GRM21BR71H224 | |
| D1 | 30 | CRS10I30A | |
| וט | 30 | RSX051VA-30 | |

Table 3 Recommended components

• LED Current setting

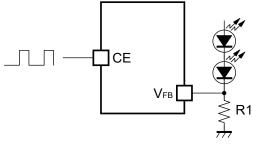
LED current can be set with feedback resistor (R1) $I_{LED} = 0.2 / R1$

• LED Dimming Control, Softstart

(1) LED dimming control by PWM signal to CE pin

LED dimming control is possible by forcing PWM signal to CE pin.

When the power-on or start up with CE pin, softstart function works, however, after that, if the CE pin is set as "L" and set CE pin "H" again during the shutdown delay time, softstart function is disabled and starts up fast to normal mode, therefore 200 Hz to 5 kHz PWM signal is standard. By the CE pin input, LED turns on and off. Average LED current varies depending on the duty cycle of CE input. Too high frequency PWM signal is not effective because of its delay.

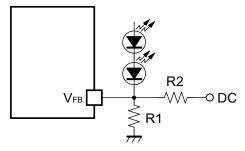


Dimming control by CE pin input

(2) Dimming control by DC voltage

LED dimming control is also possible by using the DC voltage to V_{FB} pin. LED current is adjustable by DC voltage and resistors, R1 and R2 in the following figure.

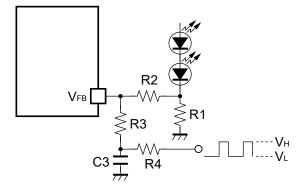
 $I_{LED} = 0.2/R1 - (DC - 0.2)/R2$



Dimming control by DC voltage

(3) Dimming control by feedback voltage and filtered PWM signal

LED dimming control is also possible by using the feedback voltage and filtered PWM signal. LED current is adjustable according to the "H" level (V_H) and "L" level (V_L) of PWM signal and resistors, R1, R2, R3, and R4 in the following figure.



Dimming control by filtered PWM signal

Duty = 0% to 100% PWM signal duty cycle can be used up to the maximum LED current and minimum LED current as in the next formulas.

$$\begin{split} I_{\text{LEDMIN}} &= \{0.2 - \text{ R2 x } (V_{\text{H}} - 0.2) \ / \ (\text{R3 + R4}) \} \ / \ \text{R1} \\ I_{\text{LEDMAX}} &= \{0.2 - \text{ R2 x } (V_{\text{L}} - 0.2) \ / \ (\text{R3 + R4}) \} \ / \ \text{R1} \end{split}$$

For example, supposed that the PWM signal level is set as 2.5 V/0 V, to adjust the LED current range from 0 mA to 20 mA by the duty cycle, our recommendation external components values are, R1 = 10 Ω , R2 = 5.1 k Ω , R3 = 51 k Ω , R4 = 5.1 k Ω or around.

C3 should be set large enough to regard the PWM signal as adjustable DC voltage by the filter. In this method, higher frequency control than the frequency against the CE pin can be used for dimming control. For example, if the frequency is 40 kHz, 0.1 μ F or more capacitor is our recommendation value as C3.

TECHNICAL NOTES

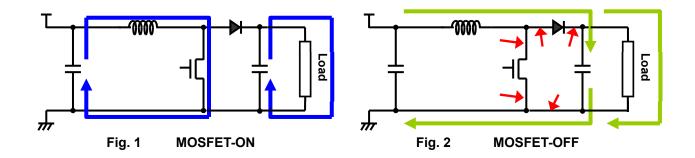
Current path on PCB

The current paths in an application circuit are shown in Fig. 1 and 2.

A current flows through the paths shown in Fig. 1 at the time of MOSFET-ON, and shown in Fig. 2 at the time of MOSFET-OFF. In the paths pointed with red arrows in Fig. 2, current flows just in MOSFET-ON period or just in MOSFET-OFF period. Parasitic impedance/inductance and the capacitance of these paths influence stability of the system and cause noise outbreak. So please minimize this side effect. In addition, please shorten the wiring of other current paths shown in Fig. 1 and 2 except for the paths of LED load.

●Layout Guide for PCB

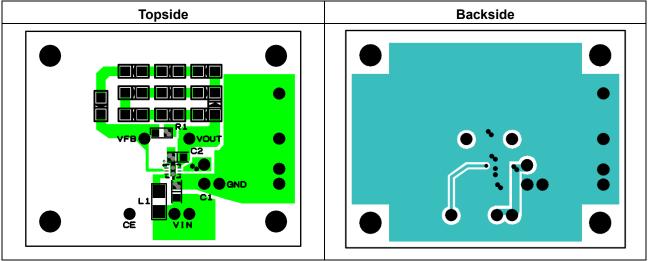
- Please shorten the wiring of the input capacitor (C1) between VIN pin and GND pin of IC. The GND pin should be connected to the strong GND plane.
- The area of LX land pattern should be smaller.
- · In the case of internal diode version, please put output capacitor (C2) close to the VOUT pin.
- In the case of external diode, the wiring between L_X pin and inductor and diode should be short and please put output capacitor(C2) close to the cathode of diode.
- Please make the GND side of output capacitor (C2) close to the GND pin of IC.



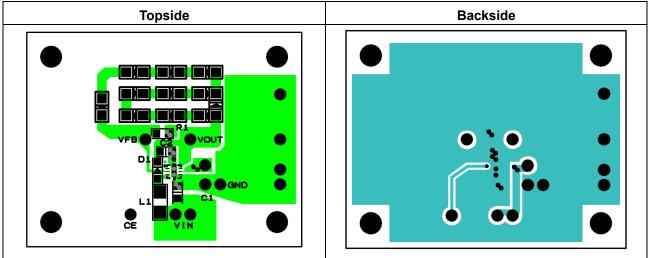
PCB Layout

• PKG: DFN(PL)1820-6 pin

R1218Kxx1A

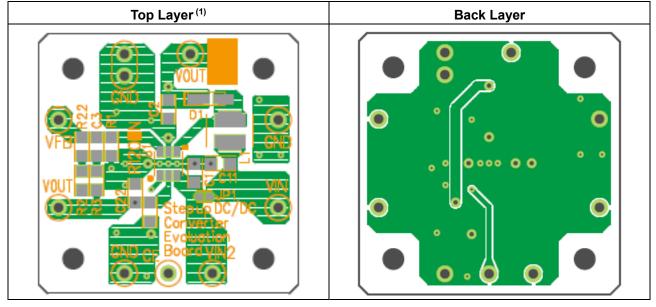


R1218Kxx2A



• PKG: SOT-23-6 pin

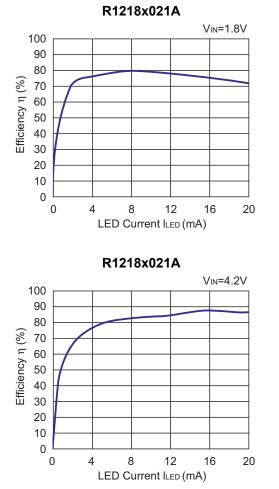
R1218Nxx1A/xx2A

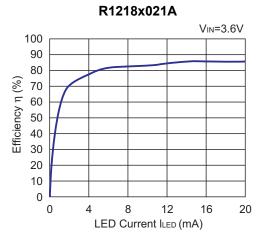


⁽¹⁾ U1- \bullet indicates the position of No.1 pin.

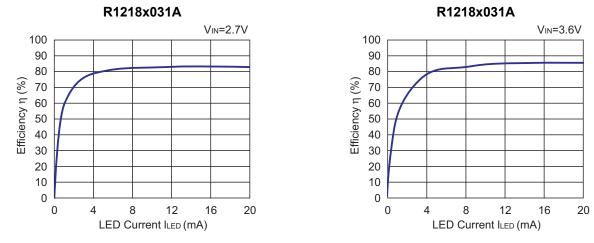
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

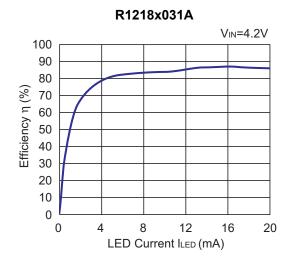


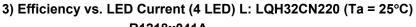


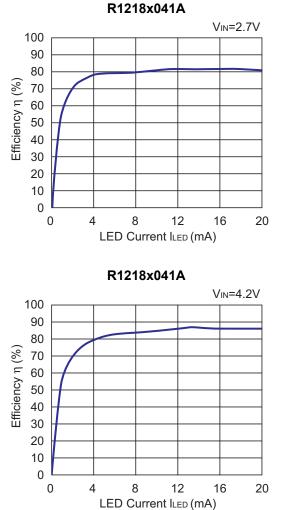


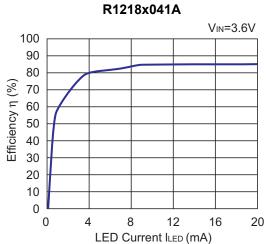
2) Efficiency vs. LED Current (3 LED) L: LQH32CN220 (Ta = 25°C)











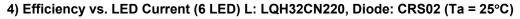
<u>R1218x</u>

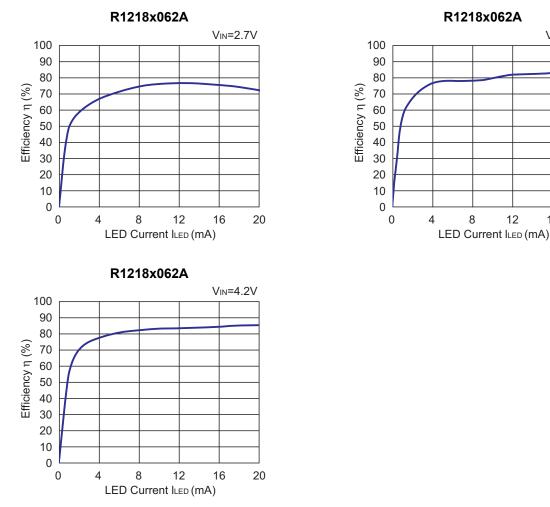
No. EA-166-230419

VIN=3.6V

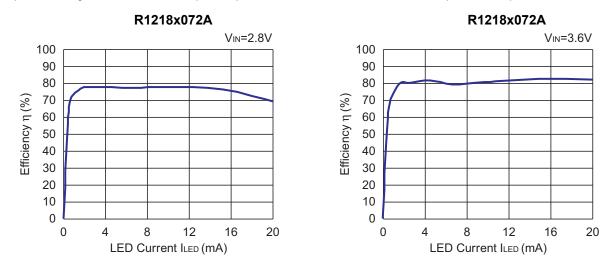
16

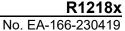
20

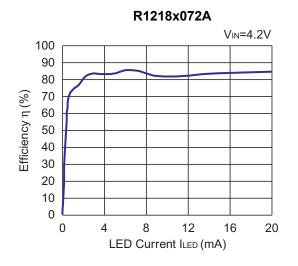




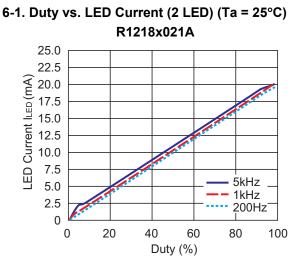
5) Efficiency vs. LED Current (7 LED) L: LQH32CN220, Diode: CRS02 (Ta = 25°C)

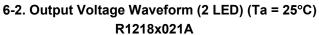


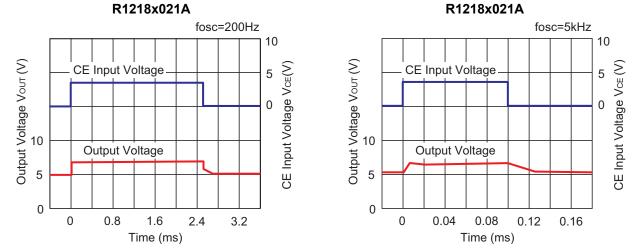




6) PWM Dimming Control (2 LED) V_{IN} = 3.6 V, R1 = 10 Ω



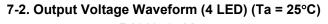


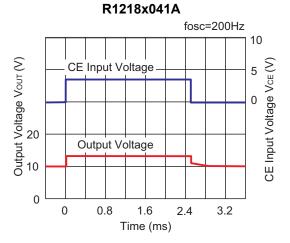


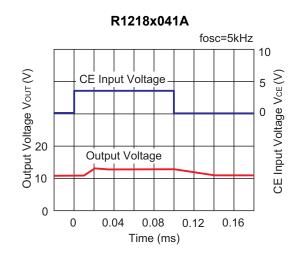
No. EA-166-230419

7-1. Duty vs. LED Current (4 LED) (Ta = 25°C) R1218x041A 25.0 22.5 Carrent I_{LED} (mA) 12.2 12.5 12.0 12.5 10.0 10.0 7.5 5.0 5kHz 1kHz 2.5 200Hz 0 0 20 40 80 60 100 Duty (%)

7) PWM Dimming Control (4 LED) V_{IN} = 3.6 V, R1 = 10 Ω

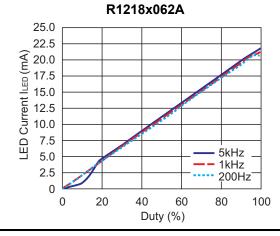




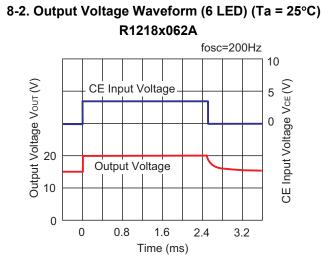


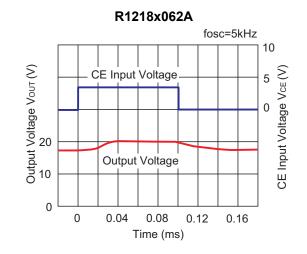
8) PWM Dimming Control (6 LED) V_{IN} = 3.6 V, R1 = 10 Ω





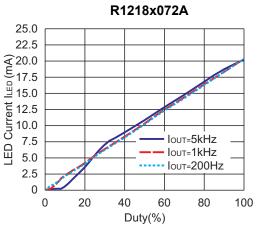
No. EA-166-230419

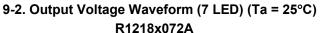


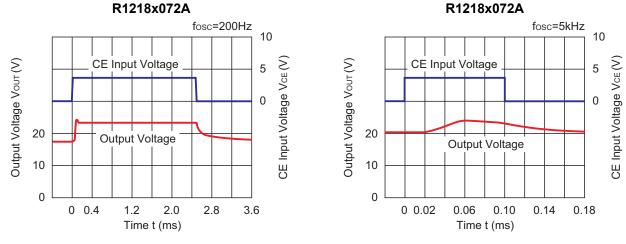


9) PWM Dimming Control (7 LED) V_{IN} = 3.6 V, R1 = 10 Ω

9-1. Duty vs. LED Current (7 LED) (Ta = 25°C)

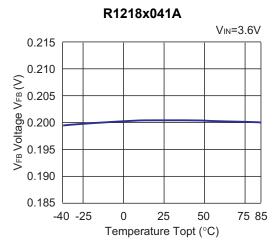


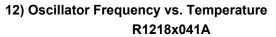


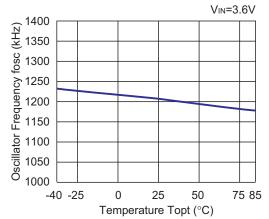


No. EA-166-230419

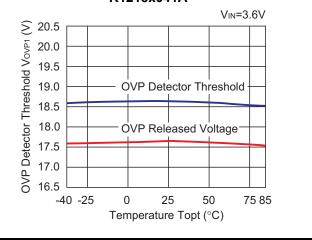
10) VFB Voltage vs. Temperature

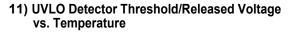


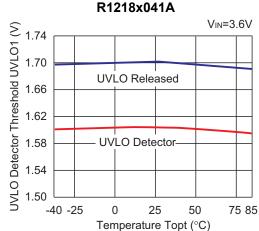




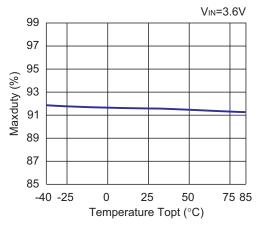


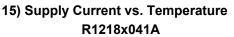


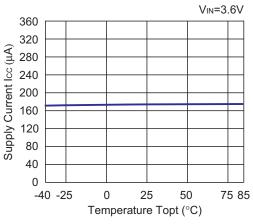




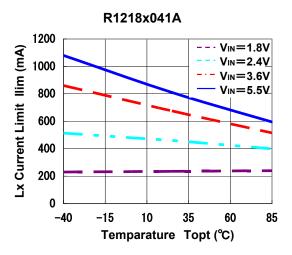
13) Maximum duty cycle vs. Temperature R1218x041A



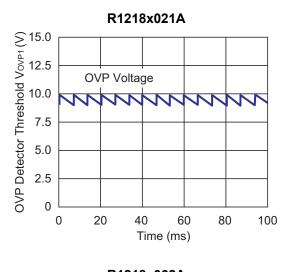


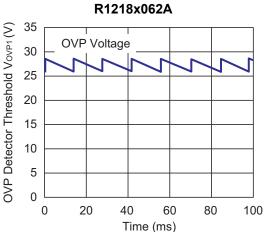


16) LX Current Limit vs. Temperature



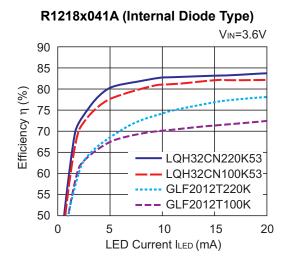
17) OVP Transient Response (Ta = 25°C)





R1218x041A OVP Detector Threshold VovP1 (V) 25 **OVP** Voltage 20 15 10 5 0 0 20 40 60 80 100 Time (ms)

18) Efficiency dependence on inductors (4 LED)



- 1. The products and the product specifications described in this document are subject to change or discontinuation of production without notice for reasons such as improvement. Therefore, before deciding to use the products, please refer to our sales representatives for the latest information thereon.
- 2. The materials in this document may not be copied or otherwise reproduced in whole or in part without the prior written consent of us.
- 3. This product and any technical information relating thereto are subject to complementary export controls (so-called KNOW controls) under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law, and related politics ministerial ordinance of the law. (Note that the complementary export controls are inapplicable to any application-specific products, except rockets and pilotless aircraft, that are insusceptible to design or program changes.) Accordingly, when exporting or carrying abroad this product, follow the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law and its related regulations with respect to the complementary export controls.
- 4. The technical information described in this document shows typical characteristics and example application circuits for the products. The release of such information is not to be construed as a warranty of or a grant of license under our or any third party's intellectual property rights or any other rights.
- 5. The products listed in this document are intended and designed for use as general electronic components in standard applications (office equipment, telecommunication equipment, measuring instruments, consumer electronic products, amusement equipment etc.). Those customers intending to use a product in an application requiring extreme quality and reliability, for example, in a highly specific application where the failure or misoperation of the product could result in human injury or death should first contact us.
 - Aerospace Equipment
 - Equipment Used in the Deep Sea
 - Power Generator Control Equipment (nuclear, steam, hydraulic, etc.)
 - Life Maintenance Medical Equipment
 - Fire Alarms / Intruder Detectors
 - Vehicle Control Equipment (automotive, airplane, railroad, ship, etc.)
 - Various Safety Devices
 - Traffic control system
 - Combustion equipment

In case your company desires to use this product for any applications other than general electronic equipment mentioned above, make sure to contact our company in advance. Note that the important requirements mentioned in this section are not applicable to cases where operation requirements such as application conditions are confirmed by our company in writing after consultation with your company.

- 6. We are making our continuous effort to improve the quality and reliability of our products, but semiconductor products are likely to fail with certain probability. In order to prevent any injury to persons or damages to property resulting from such failure, customers should be careful enough to incorporate safety measures in their design, such as redundancy feature, fire containment feature and fail-safe feature. We do not assume any liability or responsibility for any loss or damage arising from misuse or inappropriate use of the products.
- 7. The products have been designed and tested to function within controlled environmental conditions. Do not use products under conditions that deviate from methods or applications specified in this datasheet. Failure to employ the products in the proper applications can lead to deterioration, destruction or failure of the products. We shall not be responsible for any bodily injury, fires or accident, property damage or any consequential damages resulting from misuse or misapplication of the products.
- 8. Quality Warranty
 - 8-1. Quality Warranty Period

In the case of a product purchased through an authorized distributor or directly from us, the warranty period for this product shall be one (1) year after delivery to your company. For defective products that occurred during this period, we will take the quality warranty measures described in section 8-2. However, if there is an agreement on the warranty period in the basic transaction agreement, quality assurance agreement, delivery specifications, etc., it shall be followed.

8-2. Quality Warranty Remedies

When it has been proved defective due to manufacturing factors as a result of defect analysis by us, we will either deliver a substitute for the defective product or refund the purchase price of the defective product.

- Note that such delivery or refund is sole and exclusive remedies to your company for the defective product.
- 8-3. Remedies after Quality Warranty Period

With respect to any defect of this product found after the quality warranty period, the defect will be analyzed by us. On the basis of the defect analysis results, the scope and amounts of damage shall be determined by mutual agreement of both parties. Then we will deal with upper limit in Section 8-2. This provision is not intended to limit any legal rights of your company.

- 9. Anti-radiation design is not implemented in the products described in this document.
- 10. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
- 11. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
- 12. Warning for handling Gallium and Arsenic (GaAs) products (Applying to GaAs MMIC, Photo Reflector). These products use Gallium (Ga) and Arsenic (As) which are specified as poisonous chemicals by law. For the prevention of a hazard, do not burn, destroy, or process chemically to make them as gas or power. When the product is disposed of, please follow the related regulation and do not mix this with general industrial waste or household waste.
- 13. Please contact our sales representatives should you have any questions or comments concerning the products or the technical information.



Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.

Official website https://www.nisshinbo-microdevices.co.jp/en/ Purchase information https://www.nisshinbo-microdevices.co.jp/en/buy/