MPQ2013
40V, 150mA, Low Quiescent Current Linear Regulator
AEC-Q100 Qualified

The Future of Analog IC Technology®

DESCRIPTION

The MPQ2013 is a low power linear regulator that supplies power to systems with high voltage batteries. It includes a wide 2.5V to 40V input range, low dropout voltage and low quiescent supply current. The low quiescent current and low dropout voltage allow operations at extremely low power levels. Therefore, the MPQ2013 are ideal for the low power microcontrollers and the battery-powered equipments.

The MPQ2013 provides output-voltage adjustable version.

The regulator output current is internally limited and the device is protected against over-load and over-temperature conditions.

The MPQ2013 also includes thermal shutdown and current limiting fault protection, and is available in QFN8 (3x3mm) package.

FEATURES

- 2.5V to 40V Input Range
- 3.2µA Quiescent Supply Current
- Stable With low-value output ceramic capacitor (> 0.47 µF)
- 150mA specified current
- 620mV Dropout at 150mA Load
- Available in Adjustable output (1.215 V to 15 V) versions
- Specified current limit
- Thermal Shutdown
- -40°C to +125°C Specified Junction Temperature Range
- Available in QFN8 (3x3mm) Package
- Available in AEC-Q100 Grade 1

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial/Automotive Applications
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
- Ultra low power Microcontrollers
- Cellular Handsets
- Medical Imaging

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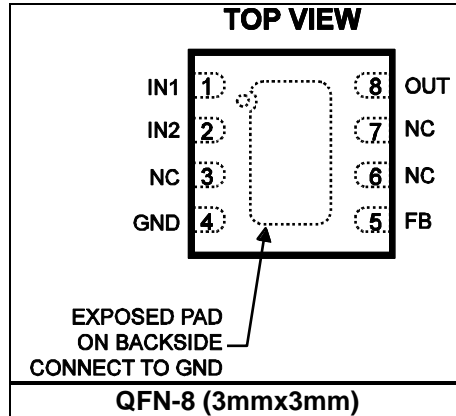
TYPICAL APPLICATION
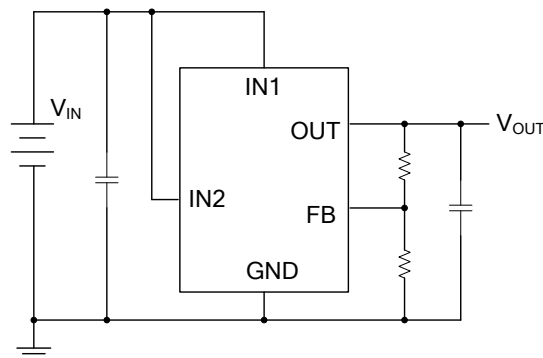
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking
MPQ2013GQ	QFN-8 (3mmx3mm)	AFF
MPQ2013GQ-AEC1	QFN-8 (3mmx3mm)	AFF

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MPQ2013GQ–Z)

PACKAGE REFERENCE

TOP VIEW

IN1 [1]   [8] OUT
IN2 [2]   [7] NC
NC [3]   [6] NC
GND [4]   [5] FB

EXPOSED PAD
ON BACKSIDE
CONNECT TO GND

QFN-8 (3mmx3mm)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [1]

IN1, IN2 .... -0.3V to +42V
OUT.. -0.3V to +17V
FB .... -0.3V to +6V
Lead Temperature .... 260°C
Storage Temperature............... -65°C to +150°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +25°C) [2]
QFN-8(3mmx3mm).................................... 2.08W

ESD SUSCEPTIBILITY [3]

HBM (Human Body Mode) 2kV
MM (Machine Mode) 200V

Recommended Operating Conditions [4]

Supply Voltage V_{IN} .... 2.5V to 40V
Output Voltage V_{OUT} .... 1.215V to 15V
Operating Junction Temp. (T_J). -40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance [5] θ_{JA} θ_{JC}

QFN-8 (3mm x3mm) .... 48 ...... 11 ... °C/W

Notes:
1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA}, and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX)-T_A)/θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
3) Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
4) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over operating junction temperature range (T_J = −40°C to +125°C), $V_{OUT(NOM)}$ = 5V ($V_{IN} \geq 6V$) or FB ($V_{IN} < 6V$), I_{OUT} = 1mA, C_{OUT} = 1µF, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_J = +25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		2.5		40	V
Output Voltage range	V_{OUT}		1.215		15	V
GND Pin Current	I_{GND}	0<I_{OUT}<1mA, VIN=2.5V to 40V		3.2	9	µA
		1mA<I_{OUT}<30mA, VIN=2.5V to 15V		14	22	
		30mA<I_{OUT}<150mA, VIN=3V to 6V		35	50	
Load Current Limit	I_{LIMIT}	V_{OUT} = 0V, VIN=6V to 15V	160	270	400	mA
FB Voltage	V_{FB}	FB = OUT, VIN=5V	1.191	1.215	1.239	V
Dropout Voltage $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(NOM)}$-0.1V	$V_{DROPOUT}$	I_{LOAD} = 150mA, $V_{OUT(NOM)}$=5V		620	900	mV
FB Pin Input Current	I_{FB}	V_{FB} = 1.3V, VIN=6V,OUT floating	−50	+4	+50	nA
Line Regulation[6]		V_{IN} = 2.5 to 40V, I_{LOAD} = 1mA, OUT = FB		0.01	0.05	%/V
Load Regulation[7]		I_{LOAD} = 100µA to 150mA, OUT = FB, VIN=3V to 6V		0.003	0.005	%/mA
Output Voltage PSRR[8]		100Hz, C_{IN} = 100pF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF I_{LOAD}=10mA, V_{IN1}= V_{IN2}=6V		58		dB
		1kHz, C_{IN} = 100pF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF I_{LOAD}=10mA, V_{IN1}= V_{IN2}=6V		41		dB
		100kHz, C_{IN} = 100pF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF I_{LOAD}=10mA, V_{IN1}= V_{IN2}=6V		55		dB
Startup Response Time		R_{LOAD}=500Ω, C_{OUT}=6.8µF,	V_{OUT} = 3.3V			1.8	ms
			V_{OUT} = 5V			3	
Thermal Shutdown[8]	T_{SD}		150	165		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis[8]	ΔT_{SD}			20		°C

Notes:

6) Line Regulation=$\dfrac{| V_{OUT[V_{IN(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[V_{IN(MIN)}]} |}{(V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{IN(MIN)}) \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times (\% / V)$

7) Load Regulation=$\dfrac{| V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MIN)}]} |}{(I_{OUT(MAX)} - I_{OUT(MIN)}) \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times (\% / mA)$

8) Derived from bench characterization. Not tested in production.

PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
1	IN1	Input Voltage. Connect a 2.5V to 40V supply to this pin.
2	IN2	VIN pin to power internal logic. Connect to IN1.
4, exposed pad	GND	Ground (the exposed pad and GND pin must be connected to the same ground plane)
5	FB	Feedback input pin, regulated to 1.215V nominally. Connected to an external resistive divider between OUT and GND to set output voltage.
8	OUT	Regulated output voltage, only low-value ceramic capacitor (≥ 0.47µF) on output is required for stability.
3, 6, 7	NC	No connection. May be left open or tied to Ground for improved thermal performance.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Dropout Voltage vs.
Junction Temperature
V_{OUT}=5V
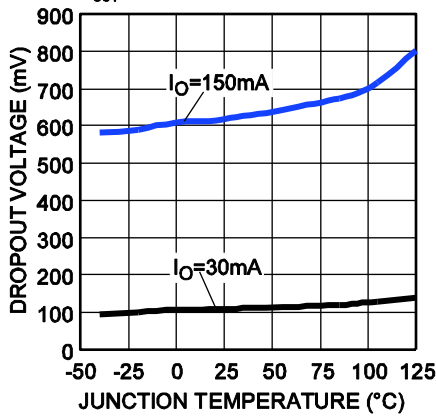
Ground Current vs.
Junction Temperature
V_{IN}=6V, V_{OUT}=5V
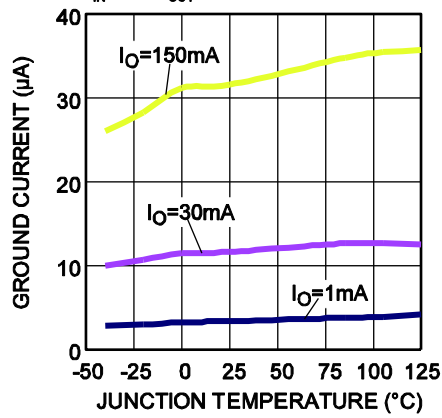
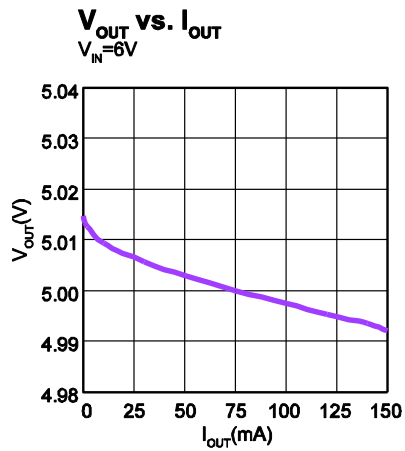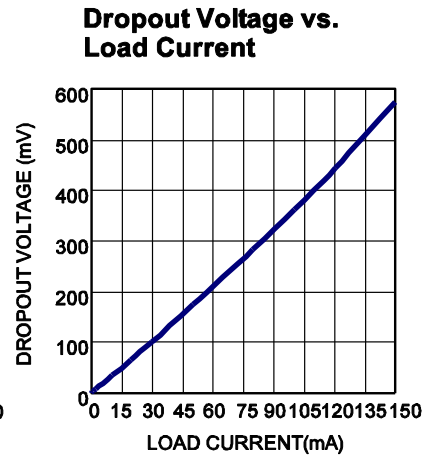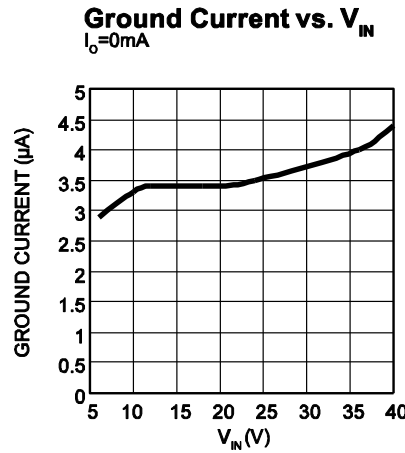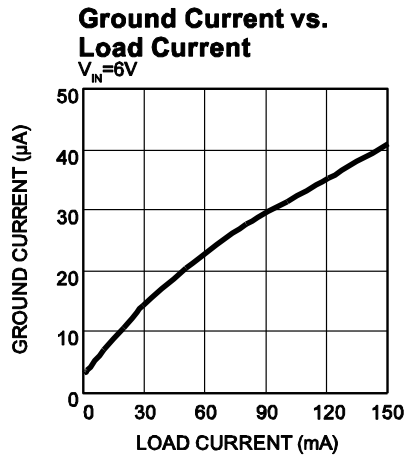**Feedback Voltage vs.**
Junction Temperature
V_{IN}=6V
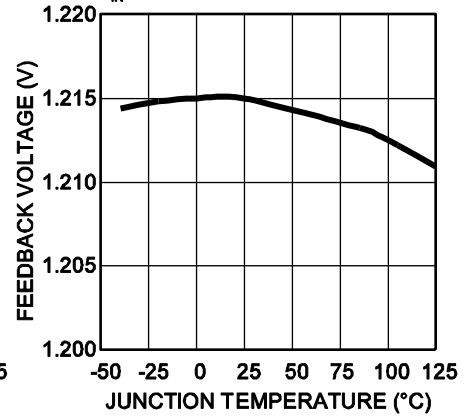
Current Limit vs.
Junction Temperature
V_{IN}=6V
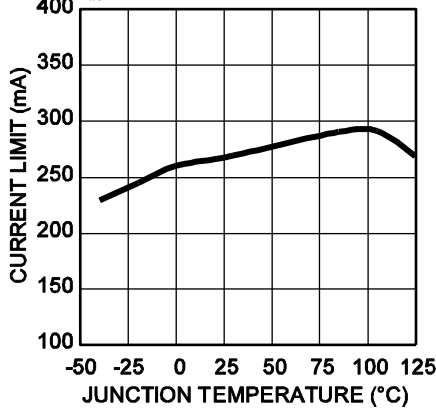
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

C_{IN} = 1µF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF, V_{OUT}=5V, T_A = +25ºC, unless otherwise noted

Ground Current vs. Load Current
V_{IN}=6V

Ground Current vs. V_{IN}
I_o=0mA

Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current

V_{OUT} vs. I_{OUT}
V_{IN}=6V

V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}
V_o=5V

V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}
V_o=3.3V

V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}
V_o=2.5V

V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}
V_o=1.8V

V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}
V_o=1.215V
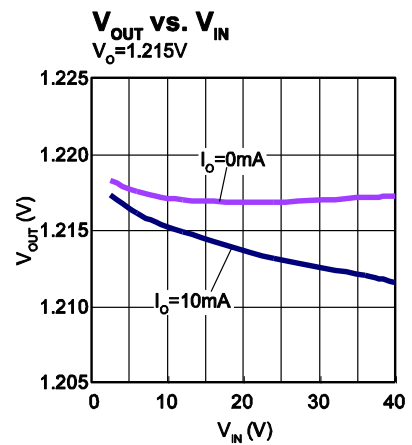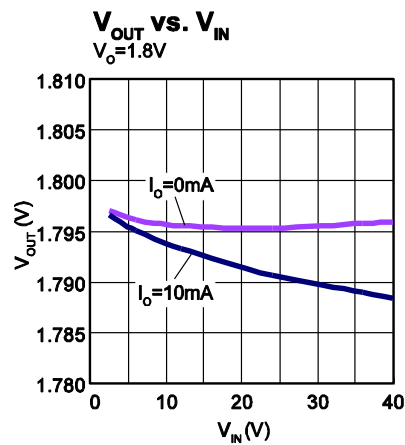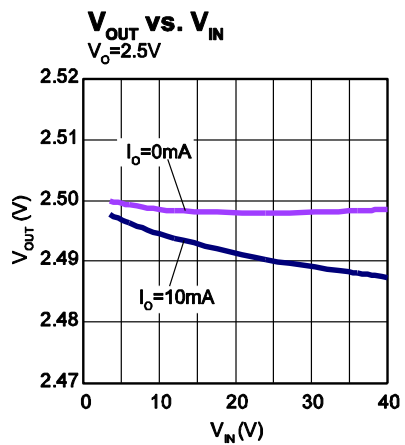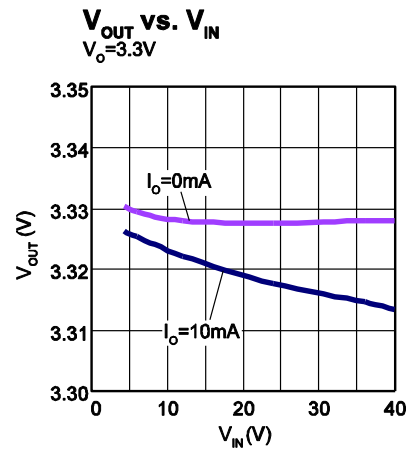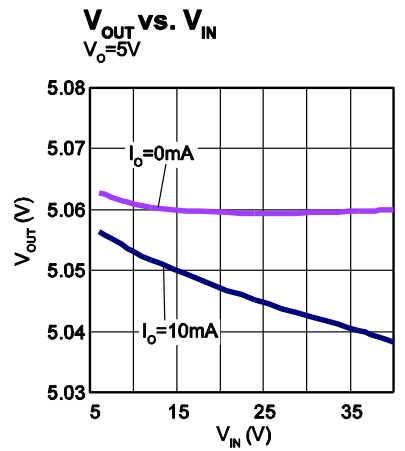
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

C_{IN} = 1µF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF, V_{OUT}=5V, T_A = +25ºC, unless otherwise noted

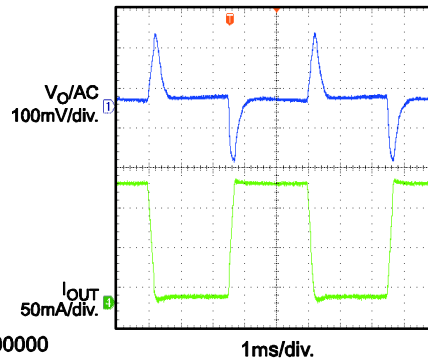**PSRR vs. Frequency**
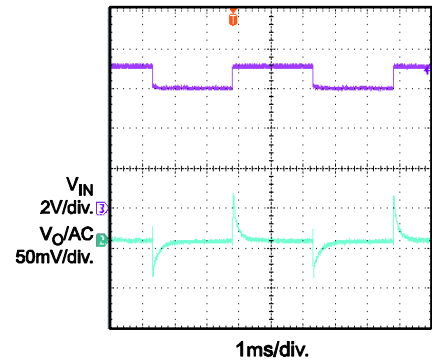V_{IN1}=V_{IN2}=6V, I_O=10mA, C_{IN}=100pF
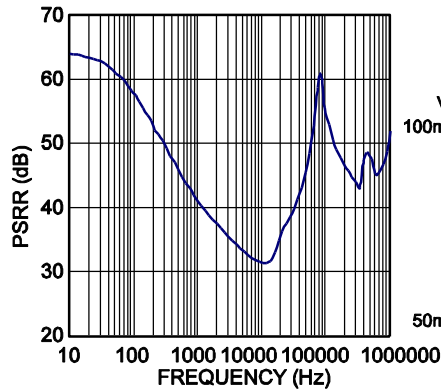
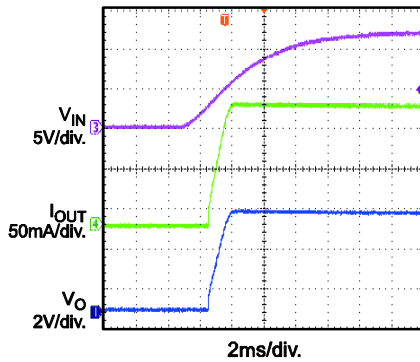**Load Transient**
V_{IN} = 12V, I_{OUT} = 8mA-150mA

Line Transient
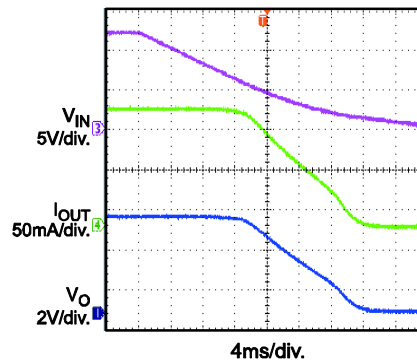V_{IN} = 6V-7V, I_{OUT} = 150mA

Startup Through V_{IN}
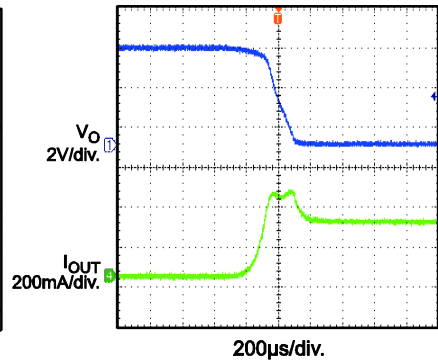V_{IN} = 12V, I_{OUT} = 150mA

Shutdown Through V_{IN}
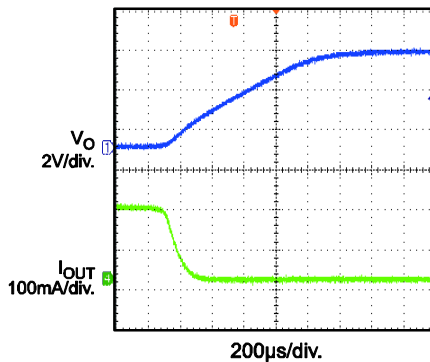V_{IN} = 12V, I_{OUT} = 150mA

Short Circuit Entry
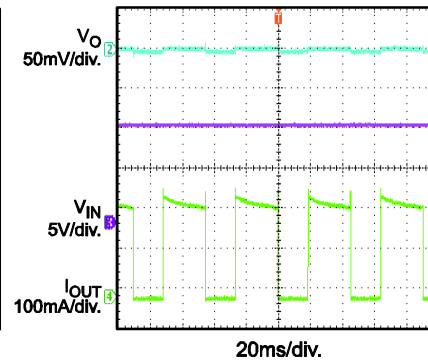V_{IN} = 12V, I_{OUT} = 0mA to short circuit

Short Circuit Recovery
V_{IN} = 12V, short circuit to I_{OUT} = 0mA

Short Circuit Steady State
V_{IN} = 12V

OPERATION

The MPQ2013 is a linear regulator that supplies power to systems with high voltage batteries. It includes a wide 2.5V to 40V input range, low dropout voltage and low quiescent supply current.

The MPQ2013 provides output-voltage adjustable version.

The MPQ2013 has an output that is adjustable from 1.215V to 15V with a simple resistor divider. It uses external feedback, allowing the user to set the output voltage with an external resistor divider. The typical FB pin voltage is 1.215V.

The regulator output current is internally limited and the device is protected against over-load and over-temperature conditions.

The peak output current is limited to around 270mA, which exceeds the 150mA recommended continuous output current.

When the junction temperature is too high, the thermal sensor sends a signal to the control logic that will shutdown the IC. The IC will restart when the temperature has sufficiently cooled.

The maximum power output current is a function of the package's maximum power dissipation for a given temperature.

The maximum power dissipation is dependent on the thermal resistance of the case and the circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and the ambient air, and the rate of air flow. The GND pin and Exposed Pad must be connected to the ground plane for proper dissipation.
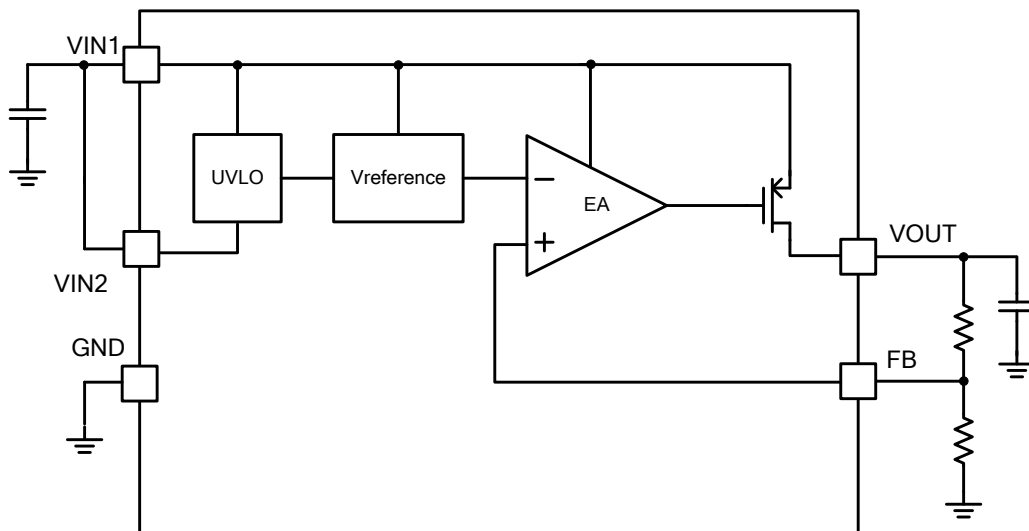

Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

APPLICATION INFORMATION

COMPONENT SELECTION

Setting the Output Voltage

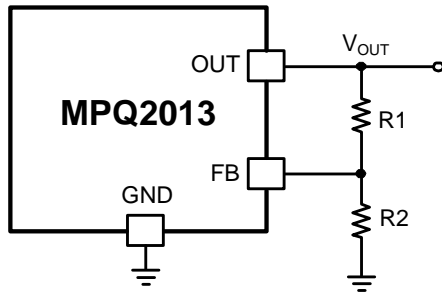Set the output voltage of the MPQ2013 by using a resistor divider as shown:

Figure 2: FB Resistor Divider to Set V_{OUT}

Choose R2=1MΩ to maintain a 1.215µA minimum load. Calculate the value for R1 using the following equation:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.215V} - 1 \right)$$

Input Capacitor

For proper operation, place a ceramic capacitor (C1) between 1µF and 10µF of dielectric type X5R or X7R between the input pin and ground. Larger values in this range will help improve line transient response.

Output Capacitor

For stable operation, use a ceramic capacitor (C2) of type X5R or X7R between 1µF and 10µF. Larger values in this range will help improve load transient response and reduce noise. Output capacitors of other dielectric types may be used, but are not recommended as their capacitance can deviate greatly from their rated value over temperature.

To improve load transient response, add a small ceramic (X5R, X7R or Y5V dielectric) 22nF feed forward capacitor in parallel with R1. The feed forward capacitor is not required for stable operation.

OUTPUT NOISE

The MPQ2013 will exhibit noise on the output during normal operation. This noise is negligible for most applications. However, in applications that include analog-to-digital converters (ADCs)

of more than 12 bits, one needs to consider the ADC's power supply rejection specifications. The feed forward capacitor C2 across R1 will significantly reduce the output noise.

External Reverse Voltage Protection

In some situations, e.g. a backup battery is connected as MPQ2013 load, the output voltage may be held up while the input is either pulled to ground, pulled to some intermediate voltage or is floating. Thus, the output voltage is higher than input voltage. Since the MPQ2013 PMOS pass element has a body diode, a current will conduct from the output to input and is not internally limited. It's possible that the IC will be damaged by this unlimited reverse current. To avoid this, it's recommended to place an external diode at input like below.
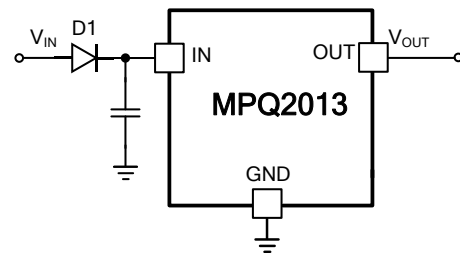
PCB LAYOUT GUIDE

PCB layout is very important to achieve good regulation, ripple rejection, transient response and thermal performance. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance.

If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines and take figure 3 for reference.

1) Input and output bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the IN Pin and OUT Pin respectively.

2) Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and compensation components as close to the chip as possible.

3) Connect IN, OUT and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and long-term reliability.
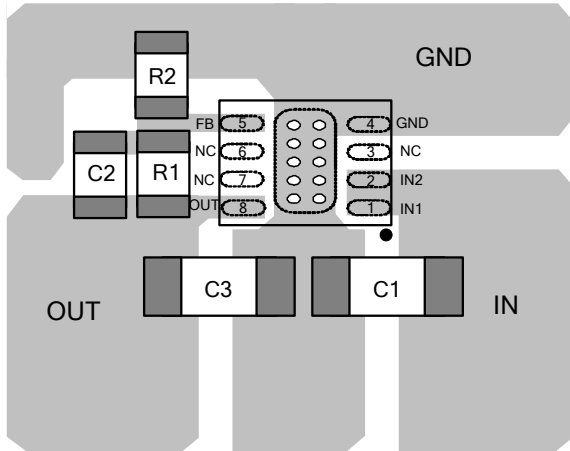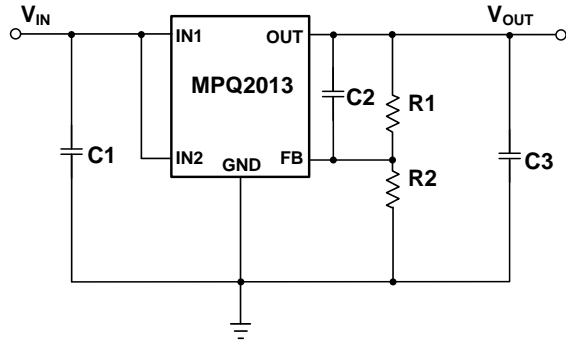
Figure 3: PCB Layout (Top Layer)

DESIGN EXAMPLE

Below is a design example following the application guidelines for V_{OUT}=3.3V with feedforward cap.
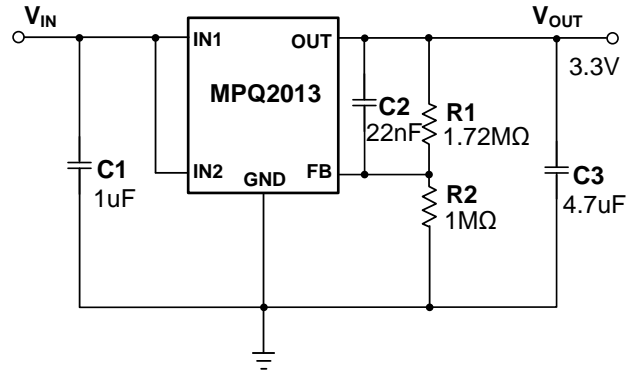

Figure 4: Design Example

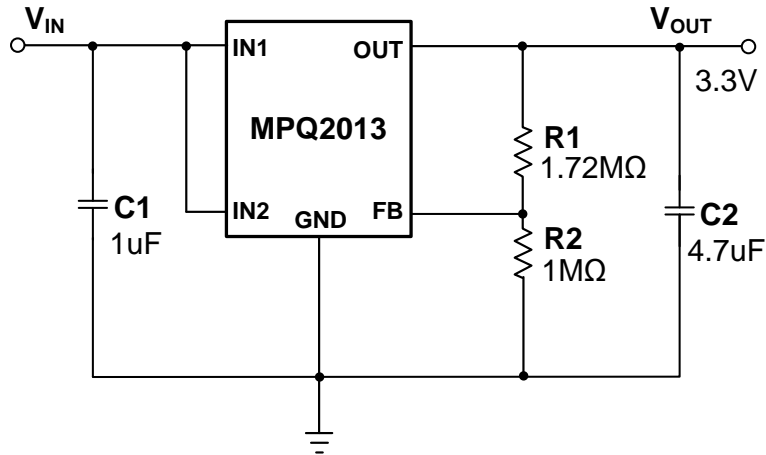## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

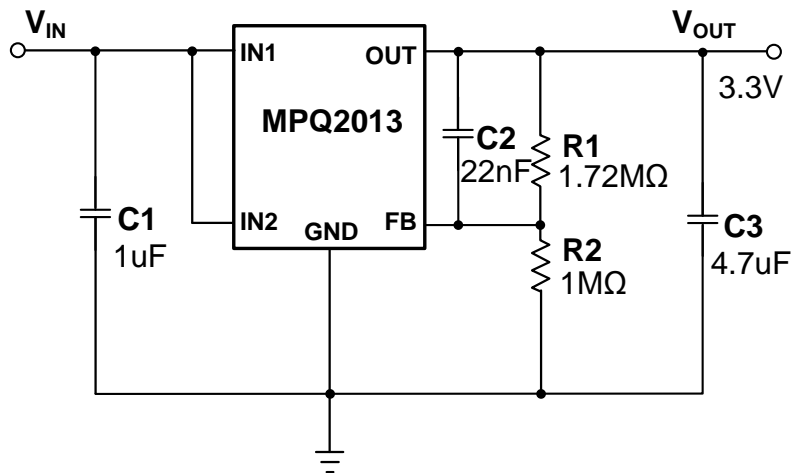**Figure 5: 3.3V Output Typical Application Circuit**
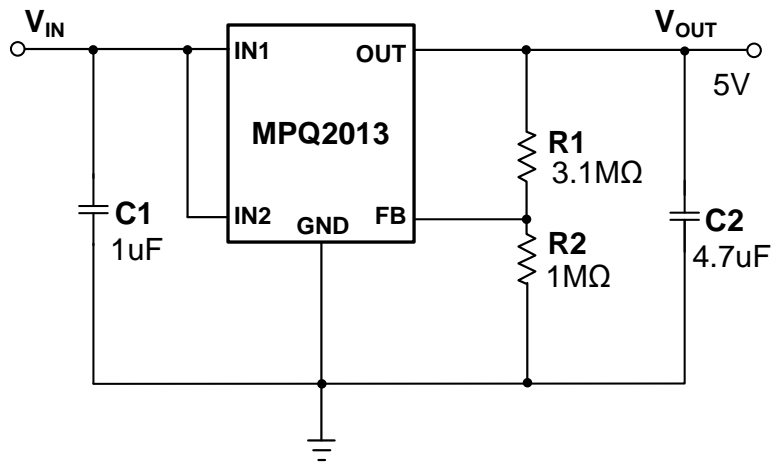

Figure 6: 3.3V Output with Feedforward Capacitor

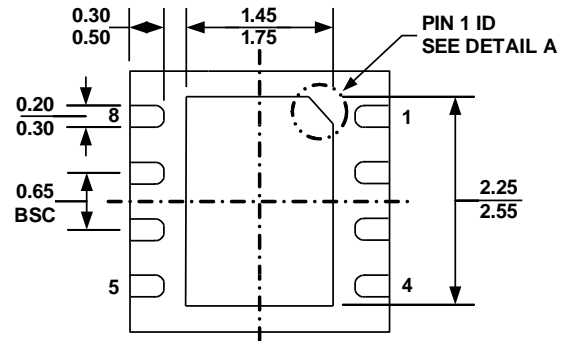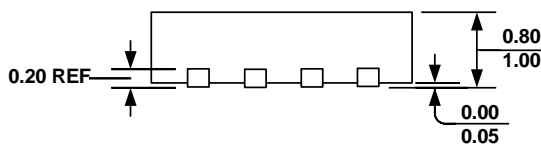**Figure 7: 5V Output Typical Application Circuit**

PACKAGE INFORMATION

QFN-8 (3mmx3mm)

2.90
3.10

PIN 1 ID
MARKING

PIN 1 ID
INDEX AREA

2.90
3.10

TOP VIEW

0.30
0.50

1.45
1.75

PIN 1 ID
SEE DETAIL A

0.20
0.30   8

1

0.65
BSC

2.25
2.55

5

4

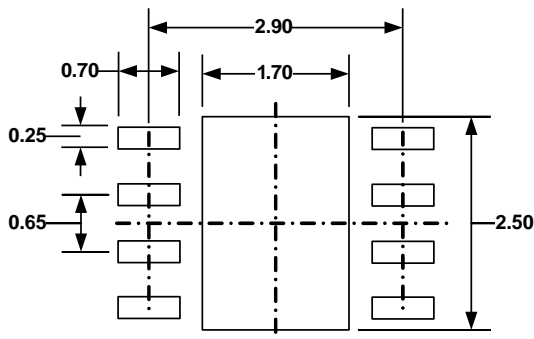**BOTTOM VIEW**

0.20 REF

0.80
1.00

0.00
0.05
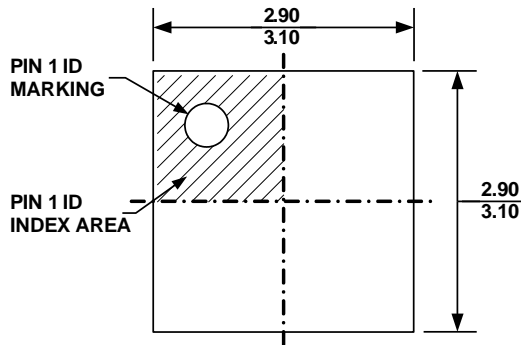
SIDE VIEW

PIN 1 ID OPTION A
0.30x45 °TYP.

PIN 1 ID OPTION B
R0.20 TYP.

DETAIL A

NOTE:

1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH
3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX
4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-229, VARIATION VEEC-2.
5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

2.90

0.70

1.70

0.25

0.65

2.50

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

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